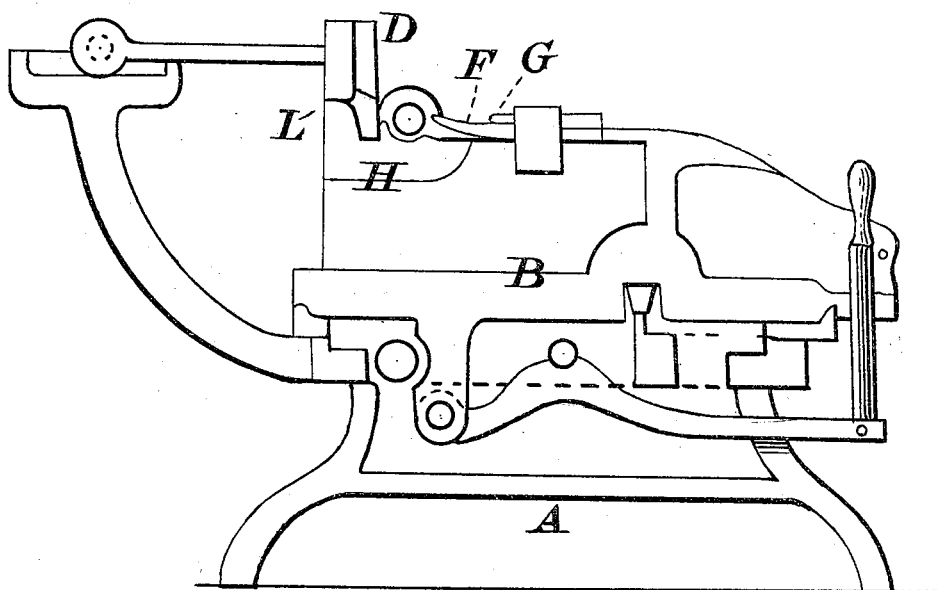


C. KILBURN.
LATHE ATTACHMENT.

No. 26,192.

PATENTED NOV. 22, 1859.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHENEY KILBURN, OF BURLINGTON, VERMONT.

LATHE ATTACHMENT.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 26,192, dated November 22, 1859.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHENEY KILBURN, of Burlington, in Chittenden county and the State of Vermont, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wood-Turning Machines; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, exact, and correct description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making part of this specification, and to the letters of reference marked thereon, in which—

Figure I is a perspective view of my improved wood-turning machine, A showing an ordinary lathe; B, the carriage, to which are attached the gouging tool and V shaped cutter; also the recess and support which operates the finishing or smoothing knife. C, C are two mandrels for the purpose of holding in position the article to be turned. D shows the finishing or smoothing knife, attached to the arbor, by means of an arm, and resting on a flat plate. E shows the die. F shows the roughing tool; G, the V shaped cutter; H, the recess in the die (E) which in connection with the smoothing or finishing knife (D) serves to guide and steady the article being turned; I, the pattern which operates the V shaped cutter, and gives to the article being turned any desired design, figure or configuration; J, the arbor to which the arm supporting the smoothing or finishing knife D, is attached; K, the flat plate to which the finishing or smoothing knife is attached; L, the bar or support, attached to the die (E) and operating the knife (D).

Fig. II is a sectional view of the same, A showing an ordinary lathe; B, the carriage to which are attached the gouging tool and V shaped cutter. C shows one of the mandrels for the purpose of holding in position the article to be turned. D shows the finishing or smoothing knife. E shows the die; F, the roughing tool; H, the recess in the die (E) which in connection with the smoothing or finishing knife (D) serves to guide and steady the article being turned; I, the pattern operating the V shaped cutter and giving to the article being turned the desired design, figure or configuration; K, the flat plate to which the finishing or smoothing knife (D) is attached.

The nature of my invention consists in the employment or use of the finishing knife (D) applied to a common turning lathe (A) generally used for turning beaded or ornamental work of wood and arranged and op-

erated with the parts of said lathe (A) as hereinafter described so as to effect the desired result.

The difficulty hitherto attending the turning of beaded or ornamental work of wood, has been the roughness that accompanies the work, said roughness arising from the employment of the V shaped cutter (G) used to cut the small beads and concaves and the variety of the configurations given by the different patterns used.

The flat plate (K) to which is attached, directly upon its face, the finishing or smoothing knife (D) is of sufficient length for any piece that can be turned in the lathe (A); consequently there is no change of plates for long or short stuff. The finishing or smoothing knife (D) attached directly upon the face of the flat plate (K) has its cutting edge parallel with the lower edge of said plate (K) and may be made in one piece, the entire length of the article to be turned, or in sections, and for some patterns of work the latter mode would be desirable. The desired form, pattern or configuration on the face of the said smoothing knife (D) may be given, by turning the same, attached to the plate (K) in a common lathe for turning iron. The figure, design or form produced upon the article being turned is the reverse of that given upon the face or front of the finishing or smoothing knife (D). The cutting edge of the finishing or smoothing knife (D) has an oblique position to the article being turned, while the lower edge of the plate (K) supporting the knife (D) bears or rests upon and is operated by, a bar or support (L) attached to the movable carriage (B) giving to the knife a rotating reciprocating motion. I would here remark that this plate (K) upon the face of which is attached the knife (D) is attached to an arm, connected to the arbor (J). The knife (D) is rendered adjustable by means of slots in the plate, so that as the edge wears off, the same can be moved down to the right point for cutting. To accommodate the knife of different diameter, to be turned the arbor is rendered adjustable by slots in the boxes holding the arbor (J) in position.

The mode of operating is as follows: The article to be turned is placed and held between two mandrels (C C). As the carriage (B) to which is attached the gouging tool (F) placed upon one side of the die (E)

moves along, the same is rounded, and as
 it is, so rounded, it is operated upon by the
 V shaped cutter (G) placed upon the other
 side of the die (E), this V shaped cutter be-
 5 ing actuated by the pattern (I) and giving
 to the article being turned the desired form,
 figure or design. As the carriage (B) moves
 along, the lower edge of the plate (K) rest-
 ing on a bar or support (L) attached to the
 10 die (E), rotates, thereby bringing the
 smoothing or finishing knife (D) in contact
 with the article being turned. This knife
 (D) moving in concert with the carriage
 (B) but a small portion of the cutting edge
 15 of the knife is finishing at any one time, be-
 ing relieved as the carriage (B) moves along
 and followed by another portion of the cut-
 ting edge until the article is turned its en-
 tire length. This knife (D) directly fol-
 20 lowing after the V shaped cutter (G) fin-
 ishes or smoothes the work of the same, and
 bearing upon the article being turned, at its
 side, nearly opposite the V shaped cutter
 (G) at the point it is cutting, serves to
 25 steady the article being turned and from the
 fact that the lower portion of the knife is
 made wider than the upper portion, it bears
 at a greater distance lengthwise on the ar-

ticle being turned and prevents much of the
 tremulous motion usually attendant upon 30
 wood-turning. The article being turned
 also receives the support and guide of the
 recess (H) as the same is made to follow im-
 mediately after the gouging tool (F) and in
 close connection with the V shaped cutter 35
 (G). By this means simple in its character,
 not much cost is added to the original ma-
 chine, while the advantages afforded en-
 hance its value materially.

I am fully aware that I am not the first 40
 person to apply a finishing or smoothing
 knife to a wood-turning machine.

What I claim as new and desire to secure
 by Letters Patent is—

The rotating-reciprocating knife (D) in 45
 combination with the carriage (B) pro-
 vided with the gouging tool (F), and V
 shaped cutter (G) pattern (I) recess (H)
 and support (L) when arranged and oper-
 ated as herein set forth and for the purpose 50
 specified.

CHENEY KILBURN.

Witnesses:

ALBERT PALMER,
 A. SIDNEY DOANE.